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ABSTRACT

This report by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Statistics covers youth employment and education, and their interwoven causes and results. Numerous statistical charts and explanatory notes are included. Factors, such as age, race, sex and status, are analyzed. (HHL)

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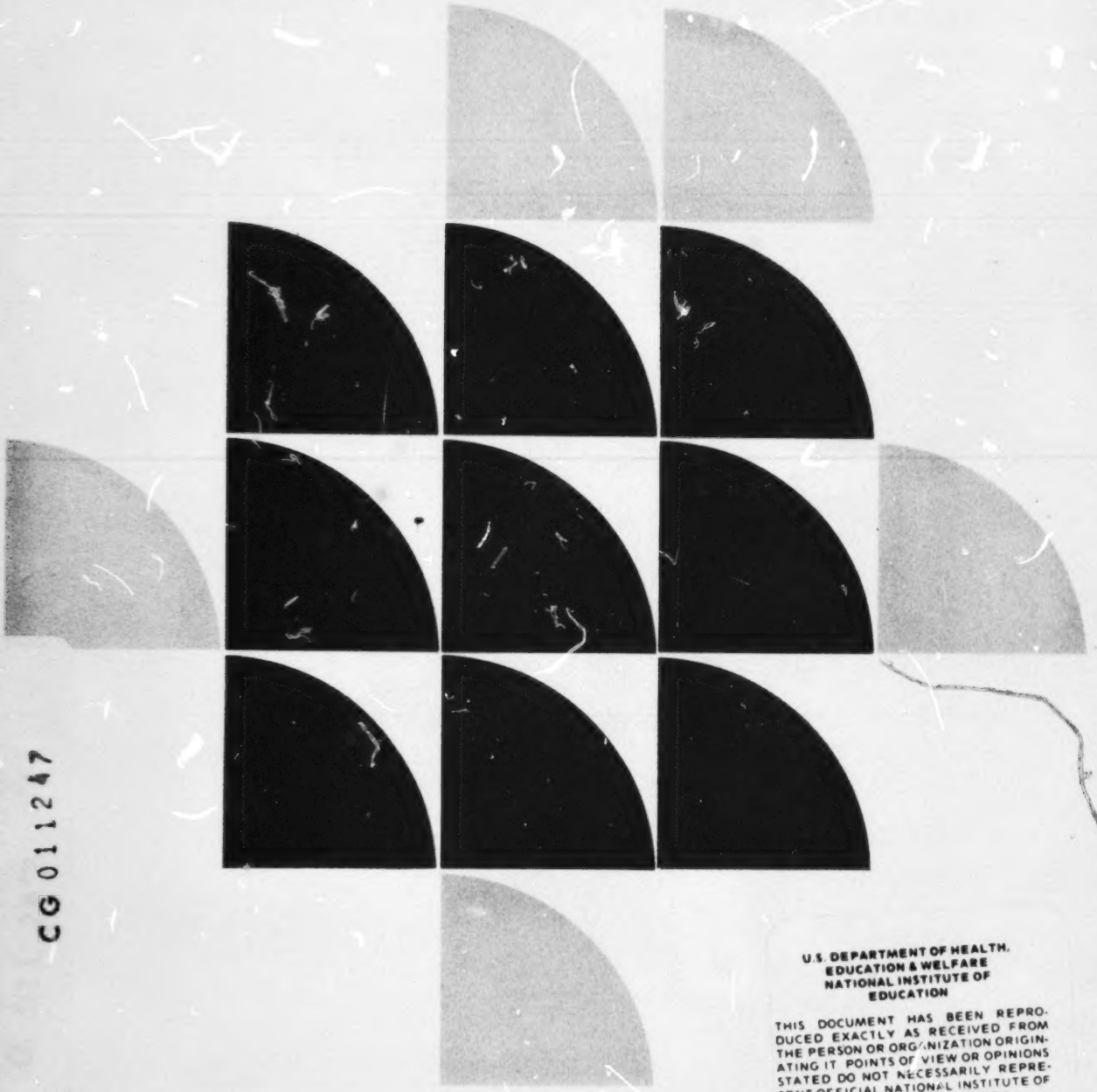
Students, Graduates, and Dropouts in tne Labor Market, October 1975

Special Labor
Force Report 191

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
Bureau of Labor Statistics



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Following is a list of reprints of Special Labor Force Reports which have been published in the *Monthly Labor Review* since February 1970. Copies may be obtained, while the supply lasts, upon request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics or to any of its regional offices.

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Students, graduates, and dropouts in the labor market, October 1975

Special Labor Force Report shows more youth combining school and labor force participation as enrollment in 2-year colleges increases

ANNE MCDOUGALL YOUNG

The recent recession affected young workers severely. Among youth 16 to 24 years of age, the number holding jobs declined sharply between October 1974 and October 1975. Also, the proportion unemployed rose for youth both in and out of school.[1]

There were nearly 22 million youth 16 to 24 years old in the job market in October 1975. For the 70 percent who were no longer in school, employment dropped by more than 750,000 over the year. Among those in school—a population group that increased significantly between October 1974 and October 1975—the number employed was about the same as a year earlier. The year-to-year increase in unemployment was significantly greater for out-of-school youth—jumping from 10.8 to 14.9 percent—than for students—rising from 13.1 to 15.0 percent. (See table 1.)

Enrolled in school. School enrollment increased by 800,000 over the year among all youth 16 to 24 years of age, a greater rise than the population increase for this group. Evidently, many youths responded to the difficult job situation by continuing or resuming their education.

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Among male students, the proportion who were in the labor force declined slightly, particularly among those 20 to 24 years old. (See table 2.) For white men, the decline was a reversal of a pattern of gradually rising labor force participation rates during the past decade, while the rate for black[2] men, which has fluctuated considerably over the decade, fell below the 1965 level. In contrast, among both white and black female students, labor force participation rates have risen steadily and were 16- and 10-percentage points higher, respectively, than in 1965.

College enrollment of 16- to 24-year-olds expanded over the year by 600,000, twice as large an increase as in the previous 1-year period. Nearly all of the rise was among full-time students and was somewhat greater for women. Nevertheless, among all college students, the proportion enrolled full time has declined slightly over the past decade, slipping from 86 percent in 1965 to 84 percent in 1975.

In recent years, community colleges have provided for the education of an increasing proportion of college students, from 17 percent of all undergraduates in 1966, when data on this subject were first collected, to 29 percent in 1975.[3] Two-thirds of the over-the-year increase in undergraduate enrollment was among students in 2-year colleges. This

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Monthly Labor Review
with supplementary tables

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 1. Employment status of persons 16 to 24 years old, by school enrollment status, educational attainment, sex, and race, October 1974 and 1975

[Numbers in thousands]

Characteristics	Civilian noninstitutional population		Civilian labor force									
			Number		Percent of population		Employed		Unemployed			
									Number		Percent of labor force	
	1974	1975	1974	1975	1974	1975	1974	1975	1974	1975	1974	1975
Total, 16 to 24 years old	33,968	34,700	21,818	21,833	64.2	62.9	19,306	18,564	2,514	3,268	11.5	15.0
Enrolled in school	14,482	15,284	6,562	6,730	45.3	44.0	5,702	5,716	862	1,012	13.1	15.0
16 to 19 years	10,666	11,163	4,434	4,551	41.6	40.8	3,750	3,772	684	778	15.4	17.1
20 to 24 years	3,816	4,121	2,128	2,179	55.8	52.9	1,952	1,944	178	234	8.4	10.7
Men	7,648	8,085	3,605	3,598	47.1	44.5	3,162	3,061	445	536	12.3	14.9
Women	6,835	7,198	2,958	3,130	43.3	43.5	2,544	2,655	417	476	14.1	15.2
White	12,405	13,077	5,912	6,096	47.7	46.6	5,236	5,241	677	855	11.5	14.0
Black and other[1]	2,077	2,207	651	633	31.3	28.7	469	478	182	156	28.0	24.6
Elementary and high school	7,862	8,063	3,311	3,279	42.1	40.6	2,759	2,641	552	636	16.7	19.4
Men	4,094	4,270	1,831	1,801	44.7	42.2	1,557	1,464	274	336	15.0	18.7
Women	3,768	3,793	1,480	1,478	39.3	39.0	1,202	1,177	278	300	18.8	20.3
White	6,549	6,710	2,972	2,997	45.4	44.7	2,538	2,453	434	546	14.6	18.2
Black and other	1,313	1,350	339	283	25.8	21.0	221	192	118	92	34.8	32.5
College	6,620	7,221	3,252	3,448	49.1	47.7	2,942	3,074	310	376	9.5	10.9
Men	3,554	3,816	1,772	1,796	49.9	47.1	1,600	1,597	172	201	9.7	11.2
Full time	3,021	3,245	1,286	1,283	42.6	39.6	1,132	1,126	154	158	12.0	12.3
Part time	533	571	486	513	91.2	90.0	468	471	18	43	3.7	8.4
Women	3,066	3,405	1,480	1,652	48.3	48.5	1,342	1,477	138	175	9.3	10.6
Full time	2,506	2,813	998	1,156	39.8	41.1	889	1,008	109	149	10.9	12.9
Part time	560	592	482	496	86.1	83.8	453	469	29	26	6.0	5.2
White	5,857	6,366	2,942	3,101	50.2	48.7	2,694	2,792	248	310	8.4	10.0
Men	3,162	3,434	1,603	1,644	50.7	47.9	1,461	1,471	142	176	8.9	10.7
Women	2,695	2,932	1,339	1,457	49.7	49.7	1,233	1,321	106	134	7.9	9.2
Black and other	763	856	310	350	40.6	40.9	249	284	62	63	20.0	18.0
Men	392	382	169	153	43.1	40.1	140	128	30	23	17.8	15.0
Women	371	474	141	197	38.0	41.6	109	156	32	40	22.7	20.3
Not enrolled in school	19,486	19,416	15,256	15,103	78.2	77.8	13,604	12,848	1,652	2,256	10.8	14.9
High school graduates, no college	10,350	10,366	8,371	8,379	80.9	80.8	7,553	7,238	818	1,141	9.8	13.6
Men	4,477	4,568	4,256	4,319	95.1	94.5	3,959	3,730	387	589	9.1	13.6
Women	5,871	5,798	4,112	4,060	70.0	70.0	3,683	3,508	429	552	10.4	13.6
White	9,078	9,124	7,354	7,417	81.0	81.3	6,717	6,508	637	909	8.7	12.3
Black and other	1,270	1,242	1,014	962	79.8	77.5	835	730	179	232	17.7	24.1
High school dropouts	4,847	4,824	3,108	2,969	64.1	61.5	2,514	2,219	594	750	19.1	25.3
Men	2,343	2,247	2,028	1,898	86.6	84.5	1,701	1,477	327	421	16.1	22.2
Women	2,504	2,577	1,080	1,071	43.1	41.6	813	742	267	329	24.7	30.7
16 to 19 years	2,079	2,001	1,380	1,230	66.4	61.5	1,042	862	338	368	24.5	29.9
20 to 24 years	2,769	2,822	1,728	1,740	62.4	61.7	1,472	1,358	256	382	14.8	22.0
White	3,866	3,742	2,525	2,382	65.3	63.7	2,115	1,840	410	542	16.2	22.8
Black and other	982	1,082	582	588	59.3	54.3	398	380	184	208	31.6	35.4
College graduates	1,452	1,373	1,339	1,290	92.2	94.0	1,272	1,183	67	107	5.0	8.3
Men	673	635	655	615	97.3	96.9	621	555	34	60	5.2	9.8
Women	779	738	684	675	87.8	91.5	651	628	33	47	4.8	7.0
White	1,313	1,275	1,219	1,208	92.8	94.7	1,167	1,107	52	101	4.3	8.4
Black and other	140	99	121	81	86.4	81.8	105	76	16	5	13.2	6.2
College, 1 to 3 years	2,837	2,851	2,438	2,465	85.9	86.5	2,265	2,207	173	258	7.1	10.5
Men	1,367	1,388	1,311	1,316	95.9	94.8	1,226	1,183	85	133	6.5	10.1
Women	1,470	1,463	1,127	1,149	76.7	78.5	1,039	1,024	88	125	7.8	10.9
White	2,537	2,527	2,195	2,209	86.5	87.4	2,055	2,003	140	206	6.4	9.3
Black and other	300	324	244	256	81.3	79.0	210	204	34	52	13.9	20.3

[1] Persons identified as black or Negro make up 89 percent of the population other than white. The remaining 11 percent are mostly American Indians and persons of Asian origin.

group accounted for 43 percent of all first- and second-year students enrolled in college in 1975.

Compared to their counterparts in 4-year schools, 2-year college students tend to come from lower income families, are somewhat older, and proportionally more of them are married. As a result of these financial pressures, community college students 16 to 24 years old had substantially higher labor force participation rates in October 1975 than similar students in 4-year schools.

	Total	*Enrolled full time*	*Enrolled part time*
2-year colleges:			
Students	1,810	1,294	516
In labor force	1,152	705	447
Labor force participation rate	63.6	54.5	86.6
First 2 years of 4-year colleges:			
Students	2,364	2,187	177
In labor force	818	670	148
Labor force participation rate	34.6	30.6	83.6

The overall increase in the student labor force in recent years reflects the emerging pattern of school and work, rather than first school, then work, more common when a smaller proportion of youth went to college.

Table 2. Labor force participation rate [1] of persons 16 to 24 years old enrolled in school, by sex and race, selected years, October 1965–October 1975

Year and race	Men				Women			
	16–24	16 and 17	18 and 19	20–24	16–24	16 and 17	18 and 19	20–24
All persons:								
1965	39.8	37.2	36.2	49.0	28.9	26.0	29.0	39.6
1970	42.9	38.9	41.2	51.2	38.0	33.5	37.7	50.5
1973	47.4	44.2	45.5	54.7	40.9	38.0	38.1	50.3
1974	47.1	43.4	44.5	55.5	43.3	39.2	39.5	56.2
1975	44.5	41.7	42.0	51.2	43.5	38.9	41.1	55.1
White:								
1965	40.5	38.0	36.6	49.2	30.0	27.2	30.2	39.8
1970	44.5	41.1	42.3	52.1	40.0	35.5	39.4	51.9
1973	50.0	47.9	47.7	55.2	43.8	42.0	39.6	51.6
1974	49.2	46.3	46.1	56.3	45.9	42.7	41.6	57.2
1975	47.2	46.0	43.8	51.9	45.9	42.2	43.1	56.2
Black and other:								
1965	33.3	31.1	32.0	(2)	20.3	17.4	18.8	(2)
1970	29.2	23.9	31.5	41.2	25.3	20.4	26.9	38.9
1973	30.1	21.8	30.4	50.0	23.5	14.8	28.9	41.2
1974	34.8	26.8	34.7	50.7	27.6	18.7	29.2	49.0
1975	27.0	16.9	31.8	44.5	30.3	20.7	31.0	48.7

[1] Labor force as percent of civilian noninstitutional population.

[2] Percent not shown where base was less than 100,000.

The steady increase in the labor force participation rate of women college students seems to be related to the increasing proportion of women enrolled in 2-year rather than 4-year colleges, rising from 18 percent in 1966 to 29 percent in 1975. Also, the proportion of women enrolled who were 20 to 24 years old rose over the decade, probably reflecting the increased desire of many women to gain the education required for a job with career potential. On the other hand, the proportion of men enrolled in 2-year colleges rose less sharply and the proportion of all male college students 20 to 24 years old remained unchanged over the decade.

The increased number of students in the labor force at a time of relative job scarcity was reflected in the large over-the-year rise in unemployment rates for students of all ages.[4] Among 20- to 24-year-olds, the unemployment rate in October 1975 was close to double the rate in 1973 at the beginning of the recession. All of the 1974–75 increase in unemployment was among white students; the unemployment rate for black students was not significantly different from the very high rate of a year earlier.

Further evidence of the recession was the rise in average duration of unemployment among students, particularly among those 20 to 24 years old. Among unemployed students, the proportion looking for work for a total of 15 weeks or more rose by a third over the year for 16 to 19 year olds, and more than doubled for those 20 to 24.

Not enrolled in school. Over 15 million out-of-school youth were in the labor force in October 1975, about the same as in 1974. However, the number with jobs dropped by 755,000, while the number unemployed rose by 600,000 to 2.3 million, almost double the level in October 1973. The labor force participation rate declined among blacks while remaining largely unchanged among whites.

Age for age, unemployment rates in October 1975 for youth not in school were generally higher than for those in school.

	Students	*Not in school*
16 to 24 years	15.0	14.9
16 and 17	18.3	36.6
18 and 19	14.9	18.8
20 and 21	11.7	15.6
22 to 24	9.6	11.1

The fact that the overall unemployment rates for the two groups were the same, in spite of the differences evident within each age group, reflects the concentration of students in the younger age brackets where unemployment is always greater; for example, the proportion of 16- and 17-year-olds among students in the labor force was 10 times higher than among nonstudents.

In spite of the sharp rise in unemployment over the past 2 years, the educational attainment distribution of unemployed out-of-school youth remained virtually unchanged. Somewhat over one-third had not graduated from high school, one-half had completed no more than high school, and the remainder had completed 1 year of college or more. As would be expected, the unemployment rate was highest among school dropouts—25.3 percent—and was lowest among college graduates—8.3 percent.

Among the unemployed youth who had completed high school, 29 percent had looked for work continuously for at least 15 weeks, while for those who had dropped out of school before graduation from high school, the proportion was 20 percent—substantially higher than a year earlier. The proportion

Table 3. School enrollment and labor force status of 1975 high school graduates and 1974–75 school dropouts,[1] by sex and race, October 1975

(Numbers in thousands)

Characteristics	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force					Not in labor force
		Number	Percent of population	Employed	Unemployed		
					Number	Percent of labor force	
Total 1975 high school graduates	3,186	1,917	60.2	1,588	329	17.2	1,269
Men	1,513	974	64.4	816	158	16.2	539
Women	1,673	943	56.4	772	171	18.1	730
White	2,823	1,736	61.5	1,474	262	15.1	1,087
Black and other	362	179	49.4	113	66	36.9	183
Enrolled in college	1,615	641	39.7	566	75	11.7	974
Men	796	318	39.9	285	33	10.4	478
Full time	722	263	36.4	236	27	10.3	459
Part time	74	55	(2)	49	6	(2)	19
White	722	298	41.3	266	32	10.7	424
Black and other	74	20	(2)	19	1	(2)	54
Women	819	323	39.4	281	42	13.0	496
Full time	770	282	36.6	244	38	13.5	488
Part time	49	41	(2)	37	4	(2)	8
White	724	300	41.4	265	35	11.7	424
Black and other	93	21	22.6	15	6	(2)	72
Not enrolled in college	1,571	1,276	81.2	1,022	254	19.9	295
Men	717	656	91.5	531	125	19.1	61
Women	854	620	72.6	491	129	20.8	234
Single	686	522	76.1	418	104	19.9	164
Married and other marital status[3]	167	97	58.1	72	25	25.8	70
White	1,377	1,138	82.6	943	195	17.1	239
Black and other	195	138	70.8	79	59	42.8	57
Total 1974–75 high school dropouts[4]	727	455	62.6	300	155	34.1	272
Men	361	297	82.3	195	102	34.3	64
Women	366	158	43.2	105	53	33.5	208
Single	229	108	47.2	70	38	35.2	121
Married and other marital status[3]	137	50	36.5	35	15	(2)	87
White	579	369	63.7	266	103	27.9	210
Black and other	151	88	58.3	34	54	61.4	63

[1] 16 to 24 years old.

[2] Percent not shown where base is less than 75,000.

[3] Includes widowed, divorced, and separated women.

[4] Persons who dropped out of school between October 1974 and October 1975. In addition, 93,000 persons 14 and 15 years old dropped out of school.

of unemployed white youth who were out of work 15 weeks or longer almost doubled over the year, reaching the already high level for black youths.

Among 16- to 24-year-old jobseekers, both those who had graduated from high school and those who had not, the proportions reporting they had lost their job or had been temporarily laid off increased between October 1974 and October 1975.

	Total	*Lost job or laid off*	*Quit job*	*Left school*	*Other*
High school graduates:					
1974	100	31	26	17	26
1975	100	47	15	16	21
Dropouts:					
1974	100	35	22	14	30
1975	100	44	13	13	30

In 1975, a much smaller proportion of the jobless youth than in 1974 reported voluntarily leaving former jobs, not surprising since all workers tend to remain on their job when unemployment levels rise and new job prospects decrease. The proportions looking for work because they had just finished school or for other reasons such as wanting a temporary job, financial needs, or discharge from the Armed Forces, did not change significantly over the year.

Recent graduates and dropouts. About 3.2 million persons graduated from high school in 1975 and, subsequently, 51 percent enrolled in college last October. (See table 3.) This proportion was close to the 1970 percentage, after falling below the 50-percent mark in recent years. The increase in college enrollment was concentrated among whites; the percentage of blacks who enrolled in college was not significantly different from the comparable figure a year earlier. Labor force participation and unemployment among the college entrants were about the same as in 1974.

Among the 1975 high school graduates who did not go on to college, the number and proportion in the labor force was about the same as in 1974. Unemployment rates for this group were not significantly higher than a year earlier.

Eighty thousand fewer youth 16 to 24 years of age left school without receiving a high school diploma in the year ended in October 1975 than during the previous year, with men accounting for all of the decrease. Labor force participation rates were generally lower and unemployment rates higher among dropouts than among the year's high school graduates not in college. The overall unemployment rate for recent school dropouts was 34.1 percent in October 1975. □

FOOTNOTES

[1] This report is based on supplementary questions in the October 1975 Current Population Survey, conducted and tabulated for the Bureau of Labor Statistics by the Bureau of the Census. Data relate to persons 16 to 24 years of age in the civilian noninstitutional population in the calendar week ending Oct. 18, 1975.

Sampling variability may be relatively large in cases where the numbers are small. Small estimates, or small differences between estimates, should be interpreted with caution.

The most recent report in this series was published in the *Monthly Labor Review* in August 1975 and reprinted with additional tabular data and explanatory notes as Special Labor Force Report 180.

[3] Data for all persons other than white are used to represent data for blacks, since the latter constitute about nine-tenths of all persons other than white in the United States.

[4] The increase is understated in that some of the undergraduates in 1966 were 14–15 or 25–34 years old; it was not possible to disaggregate these age groups. See *Characteristics of Students and their Colleges, October 1966*, Series P–20, No. 183 (Bureau of the Census, 1969), table 1; and *School Enrollment—Social and Economic Characteristics of Students: October 1974*, Series P–20, No. 286 (Bureau of the Census, 1975), table 24.

[5] See also, Janice Neipert Hedges, "Youth unemployment in the 1974–75 recession," *Monthly Labor Review*, January 1976, pp. 49–56.

Apppendix

This report contains, in addition to the article from the June 1975 issue of the Monthly Labor Review, the following material:

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Explanatory Note

THE ESTIMATES in this report are based on supplementary questions in the October 1975 Current Population Survey conducted and tabulated for the Bureau of Labor Statistics by the Bureau of the Census. The basic labor force concepts, sample design, estimating methods and reliability of the data are described briefly in the following sections. 1/

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Population Coverage. Each month trained interviewers collect information from a sample of about 47,000 households located in 461 areas in 923 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The estimates for this report include persons 16 to 34 years of age in the civilian noninstitutional population in the calendar week ending October 18, 1975. The civilian noninstitutional population excludes all members of the Armed Forces and inmates of institutions.

School Enrollment. The school enrollment statistics are based on replies to the enumerator's inquiry as to whether the person was enrolled in school. Enumerators are instructed to count as enrolled anyone who had been enrolled at any time during the current term or school year in day or night school in any type of public, parochial, or other private school in the regular school system. Such schools include elementary schools, junior or senior high schools, and colleges or universities. Persons enrolled in special schools not in the regular school system, such as trade schools or business colleges, are not included in the enrollment figures. Persons enrolled in classes which do not require physical presence in school, such as correspondence courses or other courses of independent study and training courses given directly on the job, are not reported as enrolled in school.

Full-Time and Part-Time Enrollment in College. A person is classified as enrolled in college full time if he was taking 12 hours of classes or more during an average school week, and part time if he was taking fewer hours.

High School Graduation Status. Persons who were not enrolled in school at the time of the survey were asked whether they had graduated from high school. Those who had graduated were asked when they completed their high school education. Persons who had not graduated, that is, school dropouts, were asked when they last attended a regular school. Those who were enrolled in college at the time of the survey were also asked when they graduated from high school.

Age. The age classification is based on the age of the person at his last birthday.

Race. The population is divided into three groups on the basis of race: white, black, and "other races." The last category includes Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and any other race except white and black.

Marital Status. Women are classified into three categories according to their marital status at the time of the interview: Single; married, husband present; and other marital status. A woman is classified as "married, husband present" if her husband was reported as a member of the household even though he may have been temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, or in a hospital, etc., at the time of the interview. The term, "other marital status" applies to women who are married with husband absent, widowed, or divorced.

Employed. Employed persons are all those who, during the survey week, (a) did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, or (b) did not work but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management dispute, or for personal reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off, and whether or not they were seeking other jobs.

Unemployed. Unemployed persons are all those who did not work during the survey week, made specific efforts to find a job within the preceding 4 weeks, and were available for work or would have been available during the survey week except for temporary illness. Also included as unemployed are those who did not work at all, were available for work and (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, or (b) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days.

Duration of Unemployment. Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work.

Reasons Unemployed Persons Looked for Work. Unemployed persons are classified in the following six groups based on the reasons they are jobless: (1) "On layoff" if they expect to be called back to work; (2) "Lost job" if the job loss is permanent (these two groups are considered involuntarily unemployed); (3) "Quit job" if they ended their employment voluntarily; (4) "Left school"

if they graduated, quit, or were expelled from school; (5) "Wanted temporary work" if they were looking for short-duration work, either full time or part time; (6) "Other" includes persons who are looking for work for financial reasons, discharge from the Armed Forces, or for other reasons not included in any of the above groups.

Civilian Labor Force. The civilian labor force comprises the total of all civilian persons classified as employed or unemployed according to the above definitions.

Not in the Civilian Labor Force. All persons not classified as employed or unemployed are defined as not in labor force. Persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are classified as not in labor force.

Occupation, Industry, and Class of Worker. For the employed the data on occupation, industry, and class of worker refer to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two jobs or more are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours in the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their latest full-time civilian job lasting 2 weeks or more.

Hours of Work. The statistics on hours of work relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For persons with more than one job, these figures refer to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week.

Full-Time and Part-Time Workers. Full-time workers are persons who worked 35 hours or more during the survey week, and those who worked 1 to 34 hours but usually work full time. Part-time workers are persons who worked 1 to 34 hours during the survey week and usually work only 1 to 34 hours. Persons with a job but not at work during the survey week are classified according to whether they usually work full or part time.

Sums of Distribution. Sums of individual items--whether absolute numbers or percentages--may not equal totals because of independent rounding of totals and components. Percentage totals, however, are always shown as 100 percent.

RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

Estimating Procedure. The estimating procedure used in this survey inflates weighted sample results to independent estimates of civilian noninstitutional population by age, race, and sex. These independent estimates are based on statistics from the 1970 Census of Population and other data on births, deaths, immigration, emigration, and strength of the Armed Forces.

Variability. Since the estimates are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if

a complete census had been taken using the same schedules and procedures. As in any survey, the results are also subject to errors of response and reporting. These may be relatively large in the case of persons with irregular attachment to the labor force.

The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variations that might occur by chance because only a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error also partially measures the effect of response and enumeration errors but does not measure any systematic biases in the data. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

Tables 1 and 2 show approximations of the standard errors in this survey. They should be interpreted as indicators of the order of magnitude of the standard error rather than a precise standard error for any specific item.

The following examples illustrate their use. Table A shows that 3,598,000 men 16 to 24 years old enrolled in school were in the labor force in October 1975. The same table shows that the population of this age-sex group, both enrolled and not enrolled, was 16,925,000. Table 1 shows the standard error on the estimate for this age-sex group to be approximately 76,000. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the difference between the sample estimate and a complete census count would be less than 76,000. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than 152,000.

These 3,598,000 men represented 44.5 percent of all 16-to-24 year-old men enrolled in school. Table 2 shows the standard error of 44.5 percent with a base of 8,085,000 to be about 0.8 percent. Consequently, the chances are 2 out of 3 that a complete census count would have disclosed the figure to be between 43.7 and 45.3 percent, and 19 out of 20 that the figure would have been between 42.9 and 46.1 percent.

The reliability of an estimated percentage that is based on sample data for both numerator and denominator depends upon the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which the percentage is based. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding absolute estimates of the numerators of the percentage, particularly if the percentage is large (50 percent or greater).

1/ For a more complete description of the methodology, see Concepts and Methods Used in Manpower Statistics from the Current Population Survey (BLS Report No. 313).

Total or white population

(68 chances out of 100)

Estimated number of persons	Total persons in age, sex group (thousands)							
	100	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25
10	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4
30	6.9	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7
50	7.5	9.5	9.8	10.0	10.1	10.1	10.1	10
100	0	11.6	13.4	13.9	14.1	14.2	14.3	14
300		0	16	22	24	24	25	25
500			0	24	30	31	32	32
1,000				0	37	42	44	45
2,000					30	52	60	63
3,000					0	52	69	7
5,000						0	75	95
10,000							0	116
20,000								95
30,000								
40,000								

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Negro and other races

(68 chances out of 100)

Estimated number of persons	Total persons in age, sex group (thousands)					
	100	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,000
10	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
30	7.6	8.5	8.8	9.0	9.0	9.1
50	8.3	10.5	11.1	11.4	11.6	11.7
100	0	12.9	14.9	16	16	16
300		0	18	24	27	28
500			0	26	33	35
1,000				0	41	47
2,000					34	58
3,000					0	58
4,000						48
5,000						0

Total or white population

(68 chances out of 100)

Estimated number of persons	Total persons in age, sex group (thousands)								
	100	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000
----------	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
----------	6.9	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8
----------	7.5	9.5	9.8	10.0	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1
----------	0	11.6	13.4	13.9	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.3	14.3
----------		0	16	22	24	24	25	25	25
----------			0	24	30	31	32	32	32
0----------				0	37	42	44	45	45
0----------					30	52	60	63	64
00----------					0	52	69	76	77
0----------						0	75	95	98
00----------							0	116	134
00----------								95	164
00----------								0	164
00----------									134

Negro and other races

(68 chances out of 100)

Estimated number of persons	Total persons in age, sex group (thousands)						
	100	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000
----------	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
----------	7.6	8.5	8.8	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.1
----------	8.3	10.5	11.1	11.4	11.6	11.7	11.7
----------	0	12.9	14.9	16	16	16	17
----------		0	18	24	27	28	28
----------			0	26	33	35	36
0----------				0	41	47	50
0----------					34	58	66
0----------					0	58	76
0----------						48	82
0----------						0	83

Table 2. Standard errors of estimated percentages

Total or white population

(68 chances out of 100)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (thousands)						
	75	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000
1 or 99	1.7	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
2 or 98	2.3	1.3	.9	.6	.4	.3	.2
5 or 95	3.6	2.0	1.4	1.0	.6	.4	.3
10 or 90	5.0	2.7	1.9	1.4	.9	.6	.4
15 or 85	5.9	3.2	2.3	1.6	1.0	.7	.5
20 or 80	6.6	3.6	2.6	1.8	1.1	.8	.6
25 or 75	7.2	3.9	2.8	2.0	1.2	.9	.6
35 or 65	7.9	4.3	3.1	2.2	1.4	1.0	.7
50	8.3	4.5	3.2	2.3	1.4	1.0	.7

Negro and other races

(68 chances out of 100)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (thousands)						
	75	150	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,0
1 or 99	1.9	1.4	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0
2 or 98	2.7	1.9	1.5	1.0	.7	.5	
5 or 95	4.2	3.0	2.3	1.6	1.2	.7	
10 or 90	5.8	4.1	3.2	2.2	1.6	1.0	
15 or 85	6.9	4.9	3.8	2.7	1.9	1.2	
20 or 80	7.7	5.5	4.2	3.0	2.1	1.3	
25 or 75	8.4	5.9	4.6	3.2	2.3	1.4	1
35 or 65	9.2	6.5	5.0	3.6	2.5	1.6	1
50	9.6	6.8	5.3	3.7	2.6	1.7	1

2. Standard errors of estimated percentages

Total or white population

(68 chances out of 100)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (thousands)								
	75	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000
9----------	1.7	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
8----------	2.3	1.3	.9	.6	.4	.3	.2	.1	.1
5----------	3.6	2.0	1.4	1.0	.6	.4	.3	.2	.1
90----------	5.0	2.7	1.9	1.4	.9	.6	.4	.3	.2
85----------	5.9	3.2	2.3	1.6	1.0	.7	.5	.3	.2
80----------	6.6	3.6	2.6	1.8	1.1	.8	.6	.4	.3
75----------	7.2	3.9	2.8	2.0	1.2	.9	.6	.4	.3
65----------	7.9	4.3	3.1	2.2	1.4	1.0	.7	.4	.3
----------	8.3	4.5	3.2	2.3	1.4	1.0	.7	.5	.3

Negro and other races

(68 chances out of 100)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (thousands)							
	75	150	250	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000
9----------	1.9	1.4	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
8----------	2.7	1.9	1.5	1.0	.7	.5	.3	.2
5----------	4.2	3.0	2.3	1.6	1.2	.7	.5	.4
90----------	5.8	4.1	3.2	2.2	1.6	1.0	.7	.5
85----------	6.9	4.9	3.8	2.7	1.9	1.2	.8	.6
80----------	7.7	5.5	4.2	3.0	2.1	1.3	.9	.7
75----------	8.4	5.9	4.6	3.2	2.3	1.4	1.0	.7
65----------	9.2	6.5	5.0	3.6	2.5	1.6	1.1	.8
----------	9.6	6.8	5.3	3.7	2.6	1.7	1.2	.8

Table A. Employment status: Civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 34 years old, by fall school enrollment status, sex, and age, October 1975

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

ITEM	ENROLLED IN SCHOOL						NOT ENROLLED IN SCHOOL					
	POPULATION	LABOR FORCE			UNEMPLOYED		POPULATION	LABOR FORCE			UNEMPLOYED	
		TOTAL	PERCENT OF POPULATION	EMPLOYED	NUMBER	PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE		TOTAL	PERCENT OF POPULATION	EMPLOYED	NUMBER	PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE
BOTH SEXES												
TOTAL, 16 TO 34 YEARS	17,873	8,707	48.7	7,578	1,129	13.0	87,197	36,068	76.4	32,336	3,727	10.3
16 TO 24 YEARS	15,284	6,730	44.0	5,716	1,012	15.0	19,416	15,103	77.8	12,848	2,256	14.9
16 TO 19 YEARS	11,163	4,551	40.8	3,772	778	17.1	5,174	3,867	74.7	3,043	824	21.3
16 AND 17 YEARS	7,398	2,986	40.4	2,441	545	18.3	915	583	59.3	344	99	36.6
18 AND 19 YEARS	3,765	1,565	41.6	1,331	233	14.9	4,259	3,324	78.0	2,699	625	18.8
20 TO 24 YEARS	4,121	2,179	52.9	1,944	234	10.7	14,242	11,236	78.9	9,805	1,432	12.7
20 AND 21 YEARS	2,393	1,156	48.3	1,019	136	11.8	5,276	4,073	77.2	3,439	635	15.6
22 TO 24 YEARS	1,728	1,023	59.2	925	98	9.6	8,966	7,163	79.9	6,366	797	11.1
25 TO 34 YEARS	2,589	1,977	76.4	1,861	117	5.9	27,781	20,960	75.4	19,489	1,471	7.0
25 TO 29 YEARS	1,679	1,280	76.2	1,197	83	6.5	14,973	11,453	76.5	10,535	918	8.0
30 TO 34 YEARS	910	697	76.6	664	34	4.9	12,808	9,507	74.2	8,954	553	5.8
MEN												
TOTAL, 16 TO 34 YEARS	9,658	4,930	51.0	4,313	615	12.5	21,981	20,878	95.0	18,948	1,930	9.2
16 TO 24 YEARS	8,085	3,598	44.5	3,061	536	14.9	8,840	8,189	92.2	6,987	1,202	14.8
16 TO 19 YEARS	5,751	2,403	41.8	2,011	392	16.3	2,381	2,076	88.6	1,637	436	21.0
16 AND 17 YEARS	3,811	1,589	41.7	1,312	277	17.4	395	294	75.4	189	105	35.7
18 AND 19 YEARS	1,940	814	42.0	699	115	14.1	1,951	1,760	91.2	1,448	331	18.6
20 TO 24 YEARS	2,334	1,195	51.2	1,050	144	12.1	6,499	6,075	93.5	5,310	766	12.6
20 AND 21 YEARS	1,304	626	48.0	546	80	12.8	2,389	2,195	91.9	1,857	338	15.4
22 TO 24 YEARS	1,030	569	55.2	504	64	11.2	4,110	3,880	94.4	3,453	428	11.0
25 TO 34 YEARS	1,573	1,332	84.7	1,252	79	5.9	13,141	12,729	96.9	12,001	728	5.7
25 TO 29 YEARS	1,061	884	83.3	826	57	6.4	7,018	6,784	96.7	6,337	445	6.6
30 TO 34 YEARS	512	448	87.5	426	22	4.9	6,127	5,945	97.0	5,664	281	4.7
WOMEN												
TOTAL, 16 TO 34 YEARS	8,214	3,776	46.0	3,261	513	13.6	25,217	15,186	60.2	13,389	1,797	11.8
16 TO 24 YEARS	7,198	3,130	43.5	2,655	476	15.2	10,577	6,956	65.8	5,902	1,053	15.1
16 TO 19 YEARS	5,412	2,148	39.7	1,762	386	18.0	2,833	1,795	63.4	1,406	387	21.6
16 AND 17 YEARS	3,587	1,396	38.9	1,129	268	19.2	525	250	47.6	155	94	37.6
18 AND 19 YEARS	1,825	750	41.1	633	118	15.7	2,308	1,545	66.9	1,251	293	19.0
20 TO 24 YEARS	1,786	984	55.1	893	90	9.1	7,744	5,161	66.6	4,496	666	12.9
20 AND 21 YEARS	1,089	530	48.7	473	56	10.6	2,887	1,878	65.1	1,582	297	15.8
22 TO 24 YEARS	697	454	65.1	420	34	7.5	4,857	3,283	67.6	2,914	369	11.2
25 TO 34 YEARS	1,016	645	63.5	607	37	5.7	14,640	8,231	56.2	7,488	743	9.0
25 TO 29 YEARS	618	396	64.1	370	26	6.6	7,959	4,669	58.7	4,198	471	10.1
30 TO 34 YEARS	398	249	62.6	237	11	4.4	6,681	3,562	53.3	3,290	272	7.6

Table B. Employment status: Civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 34 years old, by fall school enrollment status, race, sex, and age, October 1975

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

ITEM	ENROLLED IN SCHOOL						NOT ENROLLED IN SCHOOL					
		LABOR FORCE			UNEMPLOYED			LABOR FORCE			UNEMPLOYED	
	POPULATION	TOTAL	PERCENT OF POPULATION	EMPLOYED	NUMBER	PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE	POPULATION	TOTAL	PERCENT OF POPULATION	EMPLOYED	NUMBER	PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE
WHITE												
BOTH SEXES												
TOTAL, 16 TO 34 YEARS	15,325	7,837	51.1	6,886	950	12.1	40,992	31,532	76.9	28,619	2,913	9.2
16 TO 24 YEARS	13,077	6,096	46.6	5,241	855	14.0	16,669	13,217	79.3	11,459	1,758	13.3
16 TO 19 YEARS	9,674	4,160	43.0	3,491	669	16.1	8,424	3,366	76.5	2,759	616	18.2
16 AND 17 YEARS	6,289	2,777	44.2	2,295	483	17.4	754	454	60.2	315	138	30.4
18 AND 19 YEARS	3,385	1,383	43.4	1,196	186	13.4	3,670	2,932	79.9	2,454	478	16.3
20 TO 24 YEARS	3,403	1,936	53.7	1,750	186	9.6	12,245	9,851	80.3	8,690	1,142	11.6
20 AND 21 YEARS	2,097	1,045	49.8	934	111	10.6	4,496	3,553	79.0	3,045	505	14.3
22 TO 24 YEARS	1,506	891	59.2	816	75	8.4	7,749	6,278	81.0	5,645	633	10.1
25 TO 34 YEARS	2,247	1,741	77.5	1,649	92	5.3	24,324	18,315	75.3	17,162	1,155	6.3
25 TO 29 YEARS	1,459	1,142	78.3	1,072	70	6.1	13,119	10,010	76.3	9,277	734	7.3
30 TO 34 YEARS	788	599	76.0	577	22	3.7	11,205	8,305	74.1	7,885	421	5.1
MEN												
TOTAL, 16 TO 34 YEARS	8,372	4,482	53.5	3,952	531	11.8	19,281	18,481	95.9	16,947	1,535	8.3
16 TO 24 YEARS	6,996	3,308	47.2	2,837	468	14.2	7,623	7,138	93.6	6,187	952	13.3
16 TO 19 YEARS	4,906	2,219	45.2	1,873	346	15.6	2,006	1,810	90.2	1,487	324	17.9
16 AND 17 YEARS	3,249	1,494	46.0	1,241	253	16.9	320	247	77.2	174	73	29.6
18 AND 19 YEARS	1,657	725	43.8	632	92	12.8	1,686	1,563	92.7	1,313	251	16.1
20 TO 24 YEARS	2,090	1,089	51.9	964	122	11.2	5,617	5,328	94.9	4,700	628	11.8
20 AND 21 YEARS	1,168	579	49.7	511	69	11.9	2,038	1,905	93.5	1,625	280	14.7
22 TO 24 YEARS	926	506	54.6	453	53	10.5	3,579	3,423	95.6	3,075	348	10.2
25 TO 34 YEARS	1,376	1,178	85.6	1,115	63	5.3	11,658	11,343	97.3	10,760	583	5.1
25 TO 29 YEARS	936	790	84.4	743	47	5.9	6,223	6,049	97.2	5,679	370	6.1
30 TO 34 YEARS	440	388	88.2	372	16	4.1	5,435	5,294	97.4	5,081	213	4.0
WOMEN												
TOTAL, 16 TO 34 YEARS	6,952	3,355	48.3	2,936	419	12.5	21,712	13,051	60.1	11,674	1,377	10.6
16 TO 24 YEARS	6,082	2,788	45.9	2,404	389	13.9	9,045	6,078	67.2	5,274	806	13.3
16 TO 19 YEARS	4,769	1,942	40.5	1,618	324	16.7	2,417	1,575	65.2	1,283	292	18.5
16 AND 17 YEARS	3,040	1,283	42.2	1,054	230	17.9	434	207	47.7	142	65	31.4
18 AND 19 YEARS	1,729	659	43.1	564	94	14.3	1,983	1,368	69.0	1,141	227	16.6
20 TO 24 YEARS	1,313	851	56.2	786	65	7.6	6,628	4,503	67.9	3,991	514	11.4
20 AND 21 YEARS	933	466	49.9	424	42	9.0	2,458	1,648	67.0	1,420	229	13.9
22 TO 24 YEARS	580	385	66.4	362	23	6.0	4,170	2,855	68.5	2,571	285	10.0
25 TO 34 YEARS	870	563	64.7	533	31	5.5	12,667	6,972	55.0	6,401	571	8.2
25 TO 29 YEARS	522	352	67.4	329	24	6.8	6,897	3,961	57.4	3,598	363	9.2
30 TO 34 YEARS	348	211	60.6	204	7	3.3	5,770	3,011	52.2	2,803	208	6.9
BLACK AND OTHER												
BOTH SEXES												
TOTAL, 16 TO 34 YEARS	2,569	869	34.1	689	182	20.9	6,204	4,532	73.0	3,719	815	18.0
16 TO 24 YEARS	2,207	633	28.7	478	156	24.6	2,787	1,887	68.7	1,388	498	26.4
16 TO 19 YEARS	1,688	390	23.1	283	108	27.7	751	482	64.2	273	208	43.2
16 AND 17 YEARS	1,108	208	18.8	147	62	29.8	162	90	55.6	28	62	68.9
18 AND 19 YEARS	580	182	31.4	136	46	25.3	589	392	66.6	245	146	37.2
20 TO 24 YEARS	519	243	46.8	195	48	19.8	1,996	1,405	70.4	1,115	290	20.6
20 AND 21 YEARS	297	111	37.4	86	25	22.5	779	520	66.8	394	126	24.2
22 TO 24 YEARS	222	132	59.5	109	23	17.4	1,217	885	72.7	721	164	18.5
25 TO 34 YEARS	383	236	61.8	212	24	10.2	3,456	2,645	76.5	2,329	317	12.0
25 TO 29 YEARS	221	138	62.4	125	13	9.4	1,853	1,443	77.9	1,258	185	12.8
30 TO 34 YEARS	122	98	80.3	87	11	11.2	1,603	1,202	75.0	1,071	132	11.0
MEN												
TOTAL, 16 TO 34 YEARS	1,286	448	34.8	363	86	19.2	2,780	2,397	86.2	2,002	396	16.5
16 TO 24 YEARS	1,090	294	27.0	225	69	23.5	1,216	1,011	83.1	760	252	24.9
16 TO 19 YEARS	845	185	21.9	138	46	24.9	335	263	78.5	150	113	43.0
16 AND 17 YEARS	562	95	16.9	71	24	25.3	70	47	1/	15	32	1/
18 AND 19 YEARS	283	90	31.8	67	22	24.4	265	216	81.5	135	81	37.5
20 TO 24 YEARS	245	109	44.5	87	23	21.1	881	748	84.9	610	139	18.6
20 AND 21 YEARS	140	46	32.9	36	11	1/	351	291	82.9	232	59	20.3
22 TO 24 YEARS	105	63	60.0	51	12	1/	530	457	86.2	378	80	17.5
25 TO 34 YEARS	196	154	78.6	138	17	11.0	1,484	1,386	93.4	1,242	144	10.4
25 TO 29 YEARS	124	94	75.8	84	11	11.7	792	735	92.8	658	77	10.5
30 TO 34 YEARS	72	60	1/	54	6	1/	692	651	94.1	584	67	10.3
WOMEN												
TOTAL, 16 TO 34 YEARS	1,282	421	33.4	325	96	22.8	3,505	2,135	60.9	1,715	420	19.7
16 TO 24 YEARS	1,117	338	30.3	252	87	25.7	1,531	877	57.3	628	249	28.4
16 TO 19 YEARS	844	205	24.3	144	61	29.8	415	219	52.8	123	96	43.8
16 AND 17 YEARS	547	113	20.7	76	37	32.7	91	43	47.3	13	30	1/
18 AND 19 YEARS	297	92	31.0	68	24	26.1	324	176	54.3	110	66	37.5
20 TO 24 YEARS	273	133	48.7	108	26	19.5	1,116	658	59.0	505	153	23.3
20 AND 21 YEARS	156	64	41.0	50	15	1/	429	230	53.6	162	68	29.6
22 TO 24 YEARS	117	69	59.0	58	11	1/	687	428	62.3	343	85	19.9
25 TO 34 YEARS	165	82	50.6	74	10	12.2	1,974	1,259	63.8	1,086	173	13.7
25 TO 29 YEARS	98	44	45.8	41	4	1/	1,062	708	66.7	600	108	15.3
30 TO 34 YEARS	69	38	1/	33	6	1/	912	551	60.4	486	65	11.8

1/ PERCENT NOT SHOWN WHERE BASE IS LESS THAN 75,000.

Table C. Employment status by type of school: Civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 34 years old, by school enrollment status, sex, and age, and by type of industry employment and full- or part-time status, October 1975

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

ITEM	POPULATION	LABOR FORCE										
		TOTAL		EMPLOYED				PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT BY FULL OR PART-TIME STATUS			UNEMPLOYED	
				TOTAL	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF INDUSTRY							
		NUMBER	PERCENT OF POPULATION	NUMBER	TOTAL	AGRICULTURAL	NONAGRICULTURAL	TOTAL	FULL-TIME 1/	PART-TIME 1/	NUMBER	PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE
MEN												
ENROLLED IN SCHOOL, 16 TO 34 YEARS OLD	9,659	4,927	51.0	4,313	100.0	6.0	94.0	100.0	42.4	57.6	615	12.5
ELEMENTARY OR HIGH SCHOOL	4,322	1,844	42.7	1,500	100.0	12.3	87.7	100.0	13.9	86.1	344	18.7
16 AND 17 YEARS	3,689	1,531	41.5	1,262	100.0	12.5	87.5	100.0	9.4	90.6	269	17.6
18 AND 19 YEARS	514	237	46.1	184	100.0	14.7	85.3	100.0	22.9	77.1	53	22.4
20 TO 34 YEARS	119	76	63.9	54	3/	-	-	3/	-	-	22	28.9
COLLEGE, FULL-TIME 2/	3,931	1,764	44.9	1,559	100.0	4.2	95.8	100.0	28.8	71.2	206	11.7
16 TO 19 YEARS	1,431	540	37.7	483	100.0	4.8	95.2	100.0	13.9	86.1	59	10.9
20 TO 24 YEARS	1,814	783	43.0	683	100.0	6.1	93.9	100.0	23.8	76.2	99	13.3
20 AND 21 YEARS	1,099	461	41.9	407	100.0	6.9	93.1	100.0	16.9	83.1	54	11.7
22 TO 24 YEARS	715	282	39.4	236	100.0	4.7	95.3	100.0	35.6	64.4	45	16.0
25 TO 34 YEARS	686	481	70.1	433	100.0	0.7	99.3	100.0	51.9	48.1	48	10.0
COLLEGE, PART-TIME	1,406	1,319	93.8	1,254	100.0	.8	99.2	100.0	88.9	11.1	65	4.9
16 TO 19 YEARS	118	95	80.5	83	100.0	3.6	96.4	100.0	70.0	30.0	12	12.6
20 TO 24 YEARS	453	418	92.3	388	100.0	.5	99.5	100.0	78.8	21.2	31	7.4
20 AND 21 YEARS	157	144	91.7	130	100.0	1.5	98.5	100.0	71.9	28.1	15	10.4
22 TO 24 YEARS	296	274	92.6	258	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	82.2	17.8	16	5.8
25 TO 34 YEARS	835	806	96.5	783	100.0	.6	99.4	100.0	95.9	4.1	22	2.7
WOMEN												
ENROLLED IN SCHOOL, 16 TO 34 YEARS OLD	8,213	3,776	46.0	3,259	100.0	1.0	99.0	100.0	29.4	70.6	518	13.6
ELEMENTARY OR HIGH SCHOOL	3,861	1,503	38.9	1,200	100.0	2.3	97.7	100.0	7.9	92.1	302	20.1
16 AND 17 YEARS	3,423	1,328	38.8	1,071	100.0	2.4	97.6	100.0	5.4	94.6	256	19.3
18 AND 19 YEARS	309	124	40.1	87	100.0	2.3	97.7	100.0	16.5	83.5	37	29.8
20 TO 34 YEARS	129	51	39.5	42	3/	-	-	3/	-	-	9	3/
COLLEGE, FULL-TIME 2/	3,166	1,302	41.1	1,141	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	14.5	85.5	161	12.4
16 TO 19 YEARS	1,548	594	38.4	590	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	7.5	92.5	85	14.3
20 TO 24 YEARS	1,265	562	44.4	499	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	15.4	84.6	64	11.4
20 AND 21 YEARS	902	391	43.3	343	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	11.7	88.3	48	12.3
22 TO 24 YEARS	363	171	47.1	156	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	23.7	76.3	16	9.4
25 TO 34 YEARS	353	146	41.4	133	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	37.6	62.4	12	8.2
COLLEGE, PART-TIME	1,186	971	81.9	918	100.0	.3	99.7	100.0	75.4	24.6	51	5.3
16 TO 19 YEARS	131	100	76.3	93	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	49.5	50.5	7	7.0
20 TO 24 YEARS	461	396	85.9	376	100.0	.8	99.2	100.0	79.4	20.6	19	4.8
20 AND 21 YEARS	156	123	78.8	118	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	74.6	25.4	5	4.1
22 TO 24 YEARS	305	273	89.5	258	100.0	1.2	98.8	100.0	81.6	18.4	14	5.1
25 TO 34 YEARS	594	475	80.0	449	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	77.5	22.5	25	5.3

1/ FULL-TIME WORKERS ARE PERSONS WHO, DURING THE SURVEY WEEK, WORKED 35 HOURS OR MORE AND THOSE WHO USUALLY WORK FULL TIME BUT WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS. PART-TIME WORKERS ARE PERSONS WHO USUALLY WORK 1 TO 34 HOURS AND WORKED 1 TO 34 HOURS DURING THE SURVEY WEEK. PERSONS WITH A JOB BUT NOT AT WORK DURING THE SURVEY WEEK ARE CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO WHETHER THEY USUALLY WORK FULL OR PART TIME.

2/ STUDENTS ATTENDING 12 HOURS OR MORE OF COLLEGE CLASSES DURING THE AVERAGE SCHOOL WEEK WERE CLASSIFIED AS FULL-TIME STUDENTS.

3/ PERCENT NOT SHOWN WHERE BASE IS LESS THAN 75,000.

Table D. Employment status by race and type of school: Civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 34 years old by race, sex, and age, October 1975

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

ITEM	WHITE						BLACK AND OTHER					
		LABOR FORCE						LABOR FORCE				
	POPULATION	TOTAL	PERCENT OF POPULATION	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED NUMBER	UNEMPLOYED PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE	POPULATION	TOTAL	PERCENT OF POPULATION	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED NUMBER	UNEMPLOYED PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE
MEN												
ENROLLED IN SCHOOL, 16 TO 34 YEARS OLD	8,373	4,482	53.5	3,952	531	11.8	1,287	449	34.9	363	85	18.9
ELEMENTARY OR HIGH SCHOOL	3,602	1,691	46.9	1,395	298	17.6	720	153	21.3	107	47	30.7
16 AND 17 YEARS	3,161	1,439	45.5	1,198	245	17.0	547	92	16.8	68	24	26.1
18 AND 19 YEARS	374	197	52.7	159	38	19.3	140	40	28.6	25	15	2/
20 TO 24 YEARS	46	24	2/	18	5	2/	21	9	2/	4	6	2/
25 TO 34 YEARS	40	32	2/	26	6	2/	12	12	2/	10	2	2/
COLLEGE, FULL-TIME 1/	3,492	1,583	45.3	1,405	178	11.2	438	183	41.8	152	29	15.8
16 TO 19 YEARS	1,290	498	38.6	448	52	10.4	141	42	29.8	35	6	2/
20 TO 24 YEARS	1,629	679	41.7	594	85	12.5	184	65	35.3	49	15	2/
20 AND 21 YEARS	990	431	43.5	382	49	11.4	108	31	28.7	25	5	2/
22 TO 24 YEARS	639	248	38.8	212	36	14.5	76	34	44.7	24	10	2/
25 TO 34 YEARS	573	406	70.9	365	41	10.1	113	76	67.3	68	8	10.5
COLLEGE, PART-TIME	1,278	1,207	94.4	1,153	55	4.6	129	113	87.6	104	9	8.0
16 TO 19 YEARS	101	84	83.2	74	10	11.9	17	11	2/	10	1	2/
20 TO 24 YEARS	414	383	92.5	355	29	7.6	40	35	2/	34	1	2/
20 AND 21 YEARS	144	135	93.8	122	13	9.6	14	9	2/	8	1	2/
22 TO 24 YEARS	270	248	91.9	233	16	6.5	26	26	2/	26	-	-
25 TO 34 YEARS	763	740	97.0	724	16	2.2	72	67	2/	60	7	2/
WOMEN												
ENROLLED IN SCHOOL, 16 TO 34 YEARS OLD	6,952	3,354	48.2	2,937	419	12.5	1,263	420	33.3	325	95	22.6
ELEMENTARY OR HIGH SCHOOL	3,209	1,357	42.3	1,102	256	18.9	652	145	22.2	99	47	32.4
16 AND 17 YEARS	2,899	1,222	42.2	1,001	221	18.1	524	107	20.4	71	36	33.6
18 AND 19 YEARS	198	93	47.0	67	26	28.0	110	31	28.2	20	11	2/
20 TO 24 YEARS	52	22	2/	15	7	2/	8	4	2/	4	-	-
25 TO 34 YEARS	60	21	2/	19	2	2/	10	4	2/	4	-	-
COLLEGE, FULL-TIME 1/	2,688	1,131	42.1	1,012	120	10.6	480	171	35.6	130	40	23.4
16 TO 19 YEARS	1,358	542	39.9	470	72	13.3	191	53	27.7	40	13	2/
20 TO 24 YEARS	1,049	471	44.9	432	39	8.3	215	91	42.3	67	23	25.2
20 AND 21 YEARS	772	341	44.2	308	33	9.7	130	50	38.5	35	14	2/
22 TO 24 YEARS	277	130	46.9	124	6	4.6	85	41	48.2	32	9	2/
25 TO 34 YEARS	280	118	42.1	111	8	6.8	73	27	2/	24	4	2/
COLLEGE, PART-TIME	1,055	866	82.1	823	43	5.0	131	104	79.4	96	8	7.6
16 TO 19 YEARS	113	86	76.1	80	5	5.8	18	14	2/	12	2	2/
20 TO 24 YEARS	412	358	86.9	339	18	5.0	50	37	2/	37	2	2/
20 AND 21 YEARS	137	113	82.5	107	5	4.4	19	11	2/	11	-	-
22 TO 24 YEARS	275	245	89.1	232	13	5.3	31	28	2/	26	2	2/
25 TO 34 YEARS	531	423	79.7	403	20	4.7	63	52	2/	48	5	2/

1/ STUDENTS ATTENDING 12 HOURS OR MORE OF COLLEGE CLASSES DURING THE AVERAGE SCHOOL WEEK WERE CLASSIFIED AS FULL-TIME STUDENTS.

2/ PERCENT NOT SHOWN WHERE BASE IS LESS THAN 75,000.

Table E. Employment status of high school graduates not enrolled in college and of school dropouts, by year of graduation or last attended school, sex, marital status, and race, October 1975

(THOUSANDS OF PERSONS 16 TO 24 YEARS OLD)

ITEM	CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION	LABOR FORCE					NOT IN LABOR FORCE
		TOTAL	PERCENT OF POPULATION	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED NUMBER	UNEMPLOYED PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE	
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES							
1974							
TOTAL	1,710	1,448	84.7	1,223	225	15.5	261
MEN	796	748	94.0	630	118	15.8	48
WOMEN	913	700	76.7	593	107	15.3	213
SINGLE	575	498	86.6	419	79	15.9	77
MARRIED AND OTHER MARITAL STATUS 1/	338	202	59.8	173	29	14.4	136
WHITE	1,518	1,299	85.6	1,125	174	13.4	219
BLACK AND OTHER	192	150	78.1	98	52	34.7	42
1975							
TOTAL	1,571	1,276	81.2	1,022	254	19.9	295
MEN	717	656	91.5	531	125	19.1	61
WOMEN	854	620	72.6	491	129	20.8	234
SINGLE	686	522	76.1	418	104	19.9	164
MARRIED AND OTHER MARITAL STATUS 1/	167	97	58.1	72	25	25.8	70
WHITE	1,377	1,138	82.6	943	195	17.1	239
BLACK AND OTHER	195	138	70.8	79	59	42.8	57
SCHOOL DROPOUTS							
1974							
TOTAL	617	398	64.5	266	132	33.2	219
MEN	296	261	88.2	180	81	31.0	35
WOMEN	321	137	42.7	86	51	37.2	184
SINGLE	159	86	54.1	53	33	38.4	73
MARRIED AND OTHER MARITAL STATUS 1/	163	51	31.3	33	18	2/	112
WHITE	492	317	64.4	238	83	26.2	175
BLACK AND OTHER	125	81	64.8	32	49	60.5	44
1975							
TOTAL	444	265	59.7	178	87	32.8	178
MEN	216	168	77.8	112	56	33.3	48
WOMEN	227	97	42.7	66	31	32.0	130
SINGLE	165	70	42.4	44	26	2/	95
MARRIED AND OTHER MARITAL STATUS 1/	63	28	2/	20	8	2/	35
WHITE	360	226	62.8	158	68	30.1	134
BLACK AND OTHER	84	39	46.4	20	19	2/	44

1/ INCLUDES WIDOWED, DIVORCED, AND SEPARATED WOMEN.
2/ PERCENT NOT SHOWN WHERE BASE IS LESS THAN 75,000.

Table F. Major occupation group: Employed persons enrolled in school by age, high school graduates not in college and school dropouts by year last attended school, by sex, October 1975

(PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS 16 TO 24 YEARS OLD)

ITEM	ENROLLED IN SCHOOL				HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES OF ---		DROPOUTS WHO LAST ATTENDED SCHOOL IN 1974 OR 1975		
	TOTAL, 16 TO 24 YEARS	16 AND 17 YEARS	18 AND 19 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	1974	1975	TOTAL	1974	1975
MEN									
TOTAL: NUMBER (THOUSANDS)	3,061	1,312	699	1,050	630	531	292	180	112
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	28.3	14.3	27.8	46.1	18.4	12.3	11.0	8.9	14.4
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS	8.3	1.4	2.9	20.6	2.7	.2	1.0	.6	1.8
MANAGERS AND ADMINISTRATORS, EXCEPT FARM	1.8	.3	.7	4.3	3.7	3.2	2.4	2.2	2.7
SALES WORKERS	7.8	7.7	16.3	6.4	3.7	2.1	3.8	4.4	2.7
CLERICAL WORKERS	10.4	5.0	13.9	14.8	8.4	6.8	3.8	1.7	7.2
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	38.8	43.7	39.1	32.4	65.5	69.6	64.9	70.0	56.8
CRAFT AND KINDRED WORKERS	6.5	5.0	4.4	9.8	18.4	15.3	15.5	15.6	15.3
OPERATIVES, EXCEPT TRANSPORT	10.0	11.4	11.9	6.9	21.5	20.8	18.9	18.3	19.8
TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT OPERATIVES	3.3	2.4	3.2	4.7	7.0	6.6	5.8	6.1	5.4
LABORERS, EXCEPT FARM AND MINE	18.9	24.9	19.6	11.0	18.6	26.8	24.7	30.0	16.2
SERVICE WORKERS	25.5	30.5	26.5	18.6	10.2	10.6	15.8	14.4	18.0
FARM WORKERS	7.4	11.4	6.6	2.9	5.9	7.6	8.2	6.7	10.8
WOMEN									
TOTAL: NUMBER (THOUSANDS)	2,655	1,129	633	893	593	491	152	86	66
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1/
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	56.9	38.9	64.1	74.4	59.5	51.4	37.0	37.9	-
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS	10.7	2.0	3.9	26.5	4.0	1.2	1.9	3.4	-
MANAGERS AND ADMINISTRATORS, EXCEPT FARM	.9	.1	1.1	1.8	2.9	-	1.3	2.3	-
SALES WORKERS	11.6	11.3	16.4	8.5	8.4	9.2	14.9	9.2	-
CLERICAL WORKERS	33.6	25.4	42.7	37.6	44.2	41.0	18.8	23.0	-
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	8.2	8.0	6.9	3.9	14.5	15.7	33.8	39.1	-
CRAFT AND KINDRED WORKERS	.7	.3	.6	1.3	2.5	.6	-	-	-
OPERATIVES, EXCEPT TRANSPORT	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.9	10.6	12.2	20.1	20.7	-
TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT OPERATIVES	.2	.4	.3	-	.3	.6	2.6	1.1	-
LABORERS, EXCEPT FARM AND MINE	1.2	1.2	1.9	.7	1.0	2.2	11.0	17.2	-
SERVICE WORKERS	34.3	55.2	30.6	21.7	25.3	32.9	29.2	23.0	-
FARM WORKERS	.9	1.9	.3	-	.7	.8	-	-	-

1/ PERCENT NOT SHOWN WHERE BASE IS LESS THAN 75,000.

Table G. Major industry group and class of worker: Employed persons enrolled in school by age, high school graduates not enrolled in college and school dropouts by year last attended school, by sex, October 1975

(PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS 16 TO 24 YEARS OLD)

ITEM	ENROLLED IN SCHOOL				HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES OF---		DROPOUTS WHO LAST ATTENDED SCHOOL IN 1974 OR 1975		
	TOTAL, 16 TO 24 YEARS	16 AND 17 YEARS	18 AND 19 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	1974	1975	TOTAL	1974	1975
MEN									
TOTAL: NUMBER (THOUSANDS)	3,061	1,312	699	1,050	630	531	292	180	112
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
AGRICULTURE	8.2	12.3	7.0	3.9	6.0	9.2	9.9	8.3	12.5
WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	4.8	6.6	4.6	2.8	5.6	6.8	9.9	8.3	12.5
SELF-EMPLOYED AND UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	3.4	5.7	2.4	1.1	.6	2.4	-	-	-
NONAGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES	91.8	87.7	93.0	96.0	94.0	90.8	90.4	91.7	87.8
WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	89.4	83.9	91.7	94.6	92.2	87.8	86.3	88.9	82.1
MINING	.1	-	-	.3	1.3	1.9	.3	-	.9
CONSTRUCTION	3.8	3.3	3.8	3.5	12.7	14.1	11.6	15.6	5.4
MANUFACTURING	9.9	6.5	10.2	13.9	26.3	19.6	26.3	22.8	26.8
DURABLE GOODS	4.6	1.5	4.9	8.4	19.2	13.0	12.0	13.3	9.8
NONDURABLE GOODS	5.2	5.0	5.3	5.5	7.1	6.6	12.0	9.4	16.1
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	3.2	1.5	.9	6.8	6.3	3.8	7.5	10.0	3.6
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	41.3	51.3	46.9	25.0	31.7	36.5	23.3	25.0	20.5
SERVICE AND FINANCE	29.3	21.0	28.3	40.2	14.1	13.4	18.2	15.0	23.2
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS	2.6	4.8	2.6	-	.3	.6	2.1	1.7	2.7
EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	10.3	3.5	9.4	19.2	-	-	-	-	-
FINANCE AND OTHER SERVICES	16.4	12.7	16.5	21.0	13.8	12.8	16.1	13.3	20.5
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	2.2	.3	2.0	4.8	1.7	1.1	1.0	.5	1.8
SELF-EMPLOYED AND UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	2.4	3.8	1.3	1.4	1.7	3.0	3.8	2.8	5.8
WOMEN									
TOTAL: NUMBER (THOUSANDS)	2,655	1,129	633	893	593	491	152	86	66
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1/
AGRICULTURE	1.2	2.3	.3	.3	.7	1.0	2.0	-	-
WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	.6	1.2	-	.3	.5	.6	2.0	-	-
SELF-EMPLOYED AND UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	.5	1.1	.3	-	.2	.4	-	-	-
NONAGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES	98.8	97.7	99.7	99.7	99.3	99.0	98.0	100.0	-
WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	97.9	96.1	99.5	99.1	98.3	98.4	93.4	98.8	-
MINING	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONSTRUCTION	.2	.4	-	.1	1.0	.4	2.0	2.3	-
MANUFACTURING	4.0	2.7	3.3	6.2	18.9	15.9	20.4	22.1	-
DURABLE GOODS	1.8	1.3	1.6	2.6	9.3	5.9	4.6	5.8	-
NONDURABLE GOODS	2.2	1.4	1.7	3.5	9.6	10.2	15.1	16.3	-
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	.9	.6	.3	1.6	3.4	3.3	-	-	-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	39.5	47.9	48.7	22.4	31.5	44.0	43.4	48.2	-
SERVICE AND FINANCE	50.9	43.2	43.8	65.6	39.6	34.2	28.3	24.4	-
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS	9.4	18.6	3.3	2.1	3.2	2.6	11.8	9.3	-
EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	17.7	6.4	21.7	29.1	-	-	-	-	-
FINANCE AND OTHER SERVICES	23.9	18.2	19.0	34.4	36.4	31.6	12.5	15.1	-
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	2.4	1.2	3.3	3.1	3.7	.6	3.3	5.8	-
SELF-EMPLOYED AND UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	.9	1.5	.3	.6	1.2	.6	4.6	1.2	-

1/ PERCENT NOT SHOWN WHERE BASE IS LESS THAN 75,000.

Table H. Occupation, industry and class of worker: Employed persons enrolled in school, by sex, age and race, October 1975

(PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS 16 TO 24 YEARS OLD)

ITEM	MEN						WOMEN					
	TOTAL		16 TO 19 YEARS		20 TO 24 YEARS		TOTAL		16 TO 19 YEARS		20 TO 24 YEARS	
	WHITE	BLACK AND OTHER	WHITE	BLACK AND OTHER	WHITE	BLACK AND OTHER	WHITE	BLACK AND OTHER	WHITE	BLACK AND OTHER	WHITE	BLACK AND OTHER
OCCUPATION GROUP												
TOTAL: NUMBER (THOUSANDS)	2,833	225	1,871	138	962	87	2,402	252	1,617	184	785	108
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	27.7	35.3	19.1	16.1	44.4	65.5	57.2	53.4	48.3	44.1	75.5	65.7
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS	8.3	8.5	2.0	-	20.6	21.8	10.5	13.0	2.7	2.8	26.5	26.9
MANAGERS AND ADMINISTRATORS, EXCEPT FARM	1.6	3.6	.5	-	3.8	9.2	.9	.8	.5	-	1.8	1.9
SALES WORKERS	7.8	8.5	8.8	5.8	5.7	12.6	12.0	7.5	13.6	8.3	8.7	6.5
CLERICAL WORKERS	10.0	14.7	7.9	10.2	14.2	21.8	33.8	32.0	31.5	33.1	38.6	30.6
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	39.3	32.1	42.4	38.0	33.2	23.0	4.1	5.9	4.2	6.2	3.8	5.6
CRAFT AND KINDRED WORKERS	8.7	4.9	4.9	4.4	10.2	5.7	.7	.8	.4	-	1.3	1.9
OPERATIVES AND KINDRED WORKERS	13.8	6.7	14.7	7.3	12.1	5.7	2.2	3.2	2.5	2.8	1.8	3.7
LABORERS, EXCEPT FARM AND MINE	18.8	20.5	22.8	26.3	10.9	11.5	1.1	2.0	1.3	3.4	.8	-
SERVICE WORKERS	25.3	28.1	28.4	38.7	19.3	11.5	38.1	37.5	46.5	44.1	20.6	28.7
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD WORKERS	.5	-	.8	-	-	-	9.9	4.7	13.7	6.2	2.0	2.8
SERVICE WORKERS, EXCEPT PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD	24.8	28.1	27.6	38.7	19.3	11.5	28.2	32.8	32.8	37.9	18.6	25.9
FARM WORKERS	7.6	4.5	9.9	7.3	3.1	-	.7	3.2	1.0	5.5	-	-
INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER												
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
AGRICULTURE	8.5	4.9	10.7	7.2	4.2	1.1	1.0	3.2	1.2	5.6	.4	-
NONAGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES	91.5	95.1	89.3	92.8	95.9	98.9	99.0	96.8	98.8	94.4	99.6	100.0
NONAGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	97.3	98.1	96.6	98.4	98.6	97.7	99.0	100.0	98.9	100.0	99.4	100.0
MINING	.1	-	-	-	.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CONSTRUCTION	4.0	.9	4.0	-	3.9	2.3	.2	.4	.3	-	-	.9
MANUFACTURING	10.8	10.3	9.2	1.6	13.8	23.3	4.2	3.3	3.1	2.9	6.5	3.7
DURABLE GOODS	5.0	5.1	3.2	-	8.3	11.6	1.8	2.5	1.3	2.9	2.8	1.9
NONDURABLE GOODS	5.7	5.1	6.0	1.6	5.4	10.5	2.4	.8	1.7	-	3.7	1.9
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	3.4	4.7	1.3	4.7	7.2	4.7	.9	1.2	.6	-	1.5	3.7
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	45.0	44.9	55.4	57.8	26.2	25.6	41.2	28.4	50.0	37.5	23.3	15.7
SERVICE INDUSTRIES	31.9	31.8	25.9	31.5	42.7	33.7	50.7	59.2	43.6	50.5	65.2	71.1
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS	2.8	4.2	4.3	7.0	-	-	10.0	5.3	13.9	6.6	2.0	2.8
EDUCATION SERVICES	11.3	9.3	6.2	6.3	20.6	14.0	17.8	18.1	12.0	12.5	29.8	25.0
OTHER SERVICES AND FINANCE	17.8	18.2	15.5	17.2	22.1	19.8	22.9	35.8	17.8	30.1	33.2	42.6
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	2.2	5.6	.8	3.1	6.6	8.1	1.9	7.8	1.4	8.8	2.8	4.6
SELF-EMPLOYED AND UNPAID FAMILY WORKERS	2.7	1.9	3.4	1.6	1.4	2.3	1.0	-	1.2	-	.6	-

Table I. Employment status of persons not enrolled in school, by educational attainment, and sex, October 1975

(THOUSANDS OF PERSONS 16 TO 24 YEARS OLD)

ITEM	CIVILIAN NONINSTI-TUTIONAL POP-ULATION	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE					NOT IN LABOR FORCE
		NUMBER	PERCENT OF POP-ULATION	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED NUMBER	UNEMPLOYED PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE	
BOTH SEXES							
TOTAL, NOT ENROLLED IN SCHOOL	19,416	15,103	77.8	12,848	2,256	14.9	4,311
SCHOOL DROPOUTS							
COMPLETED LESS THAN 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL	4,824	2,969	61.5	2,219	750	25.3	1,853
COMPLETED 8 YEARS OF SCHOOL OR LESS	1,134	629	55.5	484	145	23.1	505
COMPLETED 1 TO 3 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL	3,690	2,340	63.4	1,735	605	25.9	1,348
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES							
GRADUATED FROM HIGH SCHOOL	14,590	12,134	83.2	10,628	1,506	12.4	2,457
COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL ONLY	10,366	8,379	80.8	7,238	1,141	13.6	1,987
COMPLETED 1 YEAR OF COLLEGE OR MORE	4,224	3,755	88.9	3,390	365	9.7	470
COMPLETED 1 TO 3 YEARS OF COLLEGE	2,851	2,465	86.5	2,207	258	10.5	386
COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF COLLEGE OR MORE	1,373	1,290	94.0	1,183	107	8.3	84
MEN							
TOTAL, NOT ENROLLED IN SCHOOL	8,840	8,149	92.2	6,947	1,202	14.8	691
SCHOOL DROPOUTS							
COMPLETED LESS THAN 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL	2,247	1,898	84.5	1,477	421	22.2	349
COMPLETED 8 YEARS OF SCHOOL OR LESS	574	428	74.6	342	86	20.1	146
COMPLETED 1 TO 3 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL	1,673	1,470	87.9	1,135	335	22.8	203
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES							
GRADUATED FROM HIGH SCHOOL	6,591	6,250	94.8	5,468	782	12.5	341
COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL ONLY	4,568	4,319	94.5	3,730	589	13.6	249
COMPLETED 1 YEAR OF COLLEGE OR MORE	2,023	1,931	95.5	1,738	193	10.0	92
COMPLETED 1 TO 3 YEARS OF COLLEGE	1,388	1,316	94.8	1,183	133	10.1	72
COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF COLLEGE OR MORE	635	615	96.9	555	60	9.8	20
WOMEN							
TOTAL, NOT ENROLLED IN SCHOOL	10,577	6,956	65.8	5,902	1,053	15.2	3,621
SCHOOL DROPOUTS							
COMPLETED LESS THAN 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL	2,577	1,071	41.6	742	329	30.7	1,504
COMPLETED 8 YEARS OF SCHOOL OR LESS	560	201	35.9	142	59	29.4	359
COMPLETED 1 TO 3 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL	2,017	870	43.1	600	270	31.0	1,145
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES							
GRADUATED FROM HIGH SCHOOL	7,999	5,884	73.6	5,160	724	12.3	2,116
COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL ONLY	5,798	4,060	70.0	3,508	552	13.6	1,738
COMPLETED 1 YEAR OF COLLEGE OR MORE	2,201	1,824	82.9	1,652	172	9.4	378
COMPLETED 1 TO 3 YEARS OF COLLEGE	1,463	1,149	78.5	1,024	125	10.9	314
COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF COLLEGE OR MORE	738	675	91.5	628	47	7.0	64

Table J. Employment status of persons not enrolled in school, by educational attainment, and race, October 1976

(THOUSANDS OF PERSONS 16 TO 24 YEARS OLD)

ITEM	CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE					NOT IN LABOR FORCE
		NUMBER	PERCENT OF POPULATION	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED NUMBER	UNEMPLOYED PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE	
WHITE							
TOTAL, NOT ENROLLED IN SCHOOL	16,669	13,217	79.3	11,459	1,758	13.3	3,452
SCHOOL DROPOUTS							
COMPLETED LESS THAN 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL	3,742	2,382	63.7	1,840	542	22.8	1,361
COMPLETED 8 YEARS OF SCHOOL OR LESS	898	521	58.0	415	106	20.3	377
COMPLETED 1 TO 3 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL	2,844	1,861	65.4	1,425	436	23.4	984
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES							
GRADUATED FROM HIGH SCHOOL	12,926	10,834	83.8	9,618	1,216	11.2	2,091
COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL ONLY	9,124	7,417	81.3	6,508	909	12.3	1,708
COMPLETED 1 YEAR OF COLLEGE OR MORE	3,802	3,417	89.9	3,110	307	9.0	383
COMPLETED 1 TO 3 YEARS OF COLLEGE	2,527	2,209	87.4	2,003	206	9.3	317
COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF COLLEGE OR MORE	1,275	1,208	94.7	1,107	101	8.4	66
BLACK AND OTHER							
TOTAL, NOT ENROLLED IN SCHOOL	2,747	1,887	68.7	1,388	498	26.4	859
SCHOOL DROPOUTS							
COMPLETED LESS THAN 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL	1,082	588	54.3	380	208	35.4	493
COMPLETED 8 YEARS OF SCHOOL OR LESS	236	107	45.3	68	39	36.4	127
COMPLETED 1 TO 3 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL	846	481	56.9	312	169	35.1	366
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES							
GRADUATED FROM HIGH SCHOOL	1,665	1,299	78.0	1,010	289	22.2	367
COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF HIGH SCHOOL ONLY	1,262	962	77.5	730	232	24.1	280
COMPLETED 1 YEAR OF COLLEGE OR MORE	423	337	79.7	280	57	16.9	87
COMPLETED 1 TO 3 YEARS OF COLLEGE	324	256	79.0	204	52	20.3	70
COMPLETED 4 YEARS OF COLLEGE OR MORE	99	81	81.8	76	5	6.2	17

Table K. Employment status of high school graduates not enrolled in school and dropouts, 16 to 24 years old, by age, sex, and race, October 1976

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

ITEM	GRADUATES NOT ENROLLED IN COLLEGE						DROPOUTS					
	CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION	LABOR FORCE			UNEMPLOYED		CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION	LABOR FORCE			UNEMPLOYED	
		TOTAL	PERCENT OF POPULATION	EMPLOYED	NUMBER	PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE		TOTAL	PERCENT OF POPULATION	EMPLOYED	NUMBER	PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE
BOTH SEXES												
TOTAL, 16 TO 24 YEARS	14,592	12,133	83.1	10,629	1,504	12.4	4,824	2,969	61.5	2,219	750	25.3
16 AND 17 YEARS	201	161	80.1	104	57	35.4	715	382	53.4	240	142	37.2
18 AND 19 YEARS	2,973	2,476	83.3	2,077	399	16.1	1,286	848	65.9	622	226	26.7
20 AND 21 YEARS	4,005	3,307	82.6	2,874	433	13.1	1,270	766	60.3	564	202	26.4
22 TO 24 YEARS	7,413	6,188	83.5	5,571	617	10.0	1,552	974	62.8	794	180	18.5
WHITE	12,926	10,834	83.8	9,618	1,216	11.2	3,742	2,380	63.6	1,840	540	22.7
BLACK AND OTHER	1,665	1,299	78.0	1,010	289	22.2	1,082	588	54.3	380	208	35.4
MEN												
TOTAL, 16 TO 24 YEARS	6,592	6,250	94.8	5,469	781	12.5	2,247	1,898	84.5	1,477	421	22.2
16 AND 17 YEARS	71	60	1/	40	20	1/	319	234	73.4	149	85	36.3
18 AND 19 YEARS	1,348	1,258	93.3	1,051	207	16.5	603	523	86.7	397	126	24.1
20 AND 21 YEARS	1,783	1,670	93.7	1,451	219	13.1	606	525	86.6	406	119	22.7
22 TO 24 YEARS	3,390	3,263	96.3	2,926	337	10.3	719	617	85.8	526	91	14.7
WHITE	5,871	5,616	95.7	4,964	652	11.6	1,752	1,521	86.8	1,221	300	19.7
BLACK AND OTHER	720	634	88.1	504	130	20.5	495	377	76.2	256	121	32.1
WOMEN												
TOTAL, 16 TO 24 YEARS	8,000	5,883	73.5	5,160	723	12.3	2,577	1,071	41.6	742	329	30.7
16 AND 17 YEARS	130	101	77.7	64	37	36.6	396	148	37.4	91	57	38.5
18 AND 19 YEARS	1,625	1,218	75.0	1,026	192	15.8	683	325	47.6	225	100	30.8
20 AND 21 YEARS	2,222	1,637	73.7	1,423	214	13.1	664	241	36.3	158	83	34.4
22 TO 24 YEARS	4,023	2,925	72.7	2,645	280	9.6	833	357	42.9	268	89	24.9
WHITE	7,055	5,219	74.0	4,655	564	10.8	1,992	859	43.1	619	240	27.9
BLACK AND OTHER	945	663	70.2	504	159	24.0	585	214	36.6	124	90	42.1

1/ PERCENT NOT SHOWN WHERE BASE IS LESS THAN 75,000.

Table L. Duration of unemployment for persons enrolled in school, high school graduates not in college and school dropouts, by age, sex, and race, October 1975

(PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS 16 TO 24 YEARS OLD)

ITEM	DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT						
	TOTAL				15 WEEKS OR MORE		
	NUMBER (IN THOUSANDS)	PERCENT	1 TO 4 WEEKS	5 TO 14 WEEKS	TOTAL	15 TO 26 WEEKS	27 WEEKS OR MORE
BOTH SEXES							
ENROLLED IN SCHOOL, 16 TO 24 YEARS	1,012	100.0	50.0	36.5	13.5	8.5	5.0
16 TO 19 YEARS	778	100.0	53.2	35.6	11.2	8.1	3.1
20 TO 24 YEARS	234	100.0	39.3	39.7	20.9	9.8	11.1
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES NOT IN COLLEGE	1,506	100.0	38.6	32.5	28.8	16.5	12.3
DROPOUTS	750	100.0	46.6	32.9	20.4	10.4	10.0
MEN							
ENROLLED IN SCHOOL, 16 TO 24 YEARS	536	100.0	49.1	34.5	16.4	10.1	6.3
16 TO 19 YEARS	392	100.0	53.2	33.6	13.2	10.4	2.8
20 TO 24 YEARS	144	100.0	37.8	37.1	25.2	9.1	16.1
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES NOT IN COLLEGE	782	100.0	36.2	32.9	30.8	16.5	14.3
DROPOUTS	421	100.0	40.6	34.8	24.7	12.1	12.6
WOMEN							
ENROLLED IN SCHOOL, 16 TO 24 YEARS	476	100.0	51.7	38.4	9.9	6.5	3.4
16 TO 19 YEARS	386	100.0	53.5	37.4	9.1	5.7	3.4
20 TO 24 YEARS	90	100.0	43.8	42.7	13.5	10.1	3.4
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES NOT IN COLLEGE	724	100.0	41.3	32.2	26.7	16.6	10.1
DROPOUTS	329	100.0	58.2	30.9	14.8	8.2	6.7
WHITE							
ENROLLED IN SCHOOL	855	100.0	50.2	36.6	13.2	8.1	5.1
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES NOT IN COLLEGE	1,216	100.0	38.0	34.0	28.0	15.4	12.7
DROPOUTS	582	100.0	48.5	31.4	20.1	10.0	10.1
BLACK AND OTHER							
ENROLLED IN SCHOOL	156	100.0	49.7	35.7	14.6	10.8	3.8
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES NOT IN COLLEGE	289	100.0	41.5	26.0	32.5	21.8	10.7
DROPOUTS	208	100.0	42.6	37.0	20.7	11.1	9.6

1/ PERCENT NOT SHOWN WHERE BASE IS LESS THAN 75,000.

Table M. Major occupation group of unemployed persons enrolled in school by sex and age, October 1975

(PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS 16 TO 24 YEARS OLD)

ITEM	MEN			WOMEN		
	TOTAL 16 TO 24 YEARS	16 AND 17 YEARS	18 TO 24 YEARS	TOTAL 16 TO 24 YEARS	16 AND 17 YEARS	18 TO 24 YEARS
TOTAL: NUMBER (THOUSANDS)	536	277	259	476	268	208
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	14.7	6.9	23.1	24.7	12.4	40.6
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS	3.4	1.1	5.8	1.9	.4	3.9
MANAGERS AND ADMINISTRATORS, EXCEPT FARM	.9	1.1	.8	-	-	-
SALES WORKERS	2.8	2.2	3.5	6.8	3.7	10.6
CLERICAL WORKERS	7.6	2.5	13.1	16.0	8.2	26.1
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	35.4	30.4	40.8	3.8	1.1	7.2
CRAFT AND KINDRED WORKERS	6.7	4.3	9.2	.4	-	1.0
OPERATIVES AND KINDRED WORKERS	11.4	6.2	16.9	2.3	.7	4.3
LABORERS, EXCEPT FARM AND MINE	17.4	19.9	14.6	1.1	.4	1.9
SERVICE WORKERS	13.6	12.7	14.6	22.2	19.1	26.1
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD WORKERS	-	-	-	1.9	2.6	1.0
SERVICE WORKERS, EXCEPT PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD	13.6	12.7	14.6	20.3	16.5	25.1
FARM WORKERS	4.1	5.8	2.3	.8	1.1	.5
NO PREVIOUS WORK EXPERIENCE	32.1	44.2	19.2	48.5	66.3	25.6

Table N. Employment status of persons who graduated from college and persons who withdrew from college, by year last attended, level attended, sex, and race, October 1976

(THOUSANDS OF PERSONS 16 TO 24 YEARS OF AGE)

ITEM	CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE					NOT IN LABOR FORCE
		NUMBER	PERCENT OF POPULATION	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED NUMBER	UNEMPLOYED PERCENT OF CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	
MEN							
TOTAL	2,447	2,321	94.9	2,080	241	10.4	126
GRADUATED FROM COLLEGE	635	615	96.9	555	60	9.8	20
ATTENDED COLLEGE BUT DID NOT GRADUATE	1,812	1,706	94.2	1,525	181	10.6	106
ATTENDED COLLEGE 1973-74	604	589	90.9	479	70	12.8	56
ATTENDED COLLEGE 1 YEAR	264	240	90.9	205	35	14.6	24
COLLEGE 2 YEARS	230	210	91.3	187	23	11.0	19
COLLEGE 3 OR 4 YEARS	111	98	88.3	87	11	11.2	12
ATTENDED COLLEGE PRIOR TO 1974-75	1,208	1,157	95.8	1,046	111	9.6	51
WOMEN							
TOTAL	2,602	2,119	81.4	1,919	200	9.4	483
GRADUATED FROM COLLEGE	738	675	91.5	628	47	7.0	64
ATTENDED COLLEGE BUT DID NOT GRADUATE	1,864	1,444	77.5	1,291	153	10.6	419
ATTENDED COLLEGE 1973-74	545	437	80.2	364	73	16.7	108
ATTENDED COLLEGE 1 YEAR	255	195	76.5	155	40	20.5	60
COLLEGE 2 YEARS	195	161	82.6	137	24	14.9	34
COLLEGE 3 OR 4 YEARS	95	82	86.3	73	9	11.0	13
ATTENDED COLLEGE PRIOR TO 1974-75	1,319	1,007	76.3	927	80	7.9	311
WHITE							
TOTAL	4,539	4,035	88.9	3,666	369	9.1	504
GRADUATED FROM COLLEGE	1,275	1,208	94.7	1,107	101	8.4	66
ATTENDED COLLEGE BUT DID NOT GRADUATE	3,268	2,827	86.6	2,559	268	9.5	438
ATTENDED COLLEGE IN 1973-74	999	873	87.4	760	113	12.9	126
ATTENDED COLLEGE PRIOR TO 1973-74	2,265	1,953	86.2	1,798	155	7.9	310
BLACK AND OTHER							
TOTAL	512	404	78.9	333	71	17.6	105
GRADUATED FROM COLLEGE	99	81	81.8	76	5	6.2	17
ATTENDED COLLEGE BUT DID NOT GRADUATE	413	323	78.2	257	66	20.4	88
ATTENDED COLLEGE IN 1973-74	150	114	76.0	84	30	26.3	36
ATTENDED COLLEGE PRIOR TO 1973-74	262	210	80.2	174	36	17.1	52

Table O. Major occupation group of employed and unemployed high school graduates not in college by years of school completed and of high school dropouts, 16 to 21 years old, by sex, October 1975

(PERCENT DISTRIBUTION)

ITEM	MEN					WOMEN				
	HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES			DROPOUTS		HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES			DROPOUTS	
	EMPLOYED		UNEMPLOYED	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	EMPLOYED		UNEMPLOYED	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED
	HIGH SCHOOL 4 YEARS ONLY	COLLEGE 1 YEAR OR MORE				HIGH SCHOOL 4 YEARS ONLY	COLLEGE 1 YEAR OR MORE			
TOTAL: NUMBER (THOUSANDS)	2,131	411	445	952	330	2,063	451	444	474	240
PERCENT	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
WHITE-COLLAR WORKERS	17.4	34.1	12.8	7.6	5.2	59.2	73.8	38.1	28.5	18.8
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS	2.9	11.2	2.2	.8	1.8	2.7	18.8	3.6	2.7	-
MANAGERS AND ADMINISTRATORS, EXCEPT FARM	3.2	6.8	2.7	2.0	.6	1.8	3.5	1.8	1.5	-
SALES WORKERS	3.6	6.6	2.9	1.5	.3	6.5	8.2	6.5	8.6	4.6
CLERICAL WORKERS	8.1	9.5	4.9	3.3	2.4	48.1	43.2	26.1	15.6	14.2
BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS	68.0	48.6	60.5	71.4	56.8	16.2	7.3	15.8	34.2	23.3
CRAFT AND KINDRED WORKERS	21.8	10.7	10.6	17.1	11.8	1.8	1.6	2.0	1.3	.4
OPERATIVES, EXCEPT TRANSPORT	21.9	13.9	21.8	24.4	20.3	12.4	4.0	12.8	27.4	22.9
TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT OPERATIVES	7.2	6.1	4.5	8.2	2.7	.3	.7	-	.6	-
LABORERS, EXCEPT FARM AND MINE	17.2	18.0	23.8	21.7	20.0	1.5	1.1	.9	4.6	-
SERVICE WORKERS	8.9	12.9	11.5	11.6	13.9	23.8	18.8	22.5	36.1	32.0
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD WORKERS	-	-	-	-	.6	1.7	.7	1.1	7.0	4.2
SERVICE WORKERS, EXCEPT PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD	8.9	12.9	11.5	11.6	13.3	22.1	18.2	21.4	29.1	27.9
FARM WORKERS	5.6	4.9	2.7	9.5	4.5	.9	.4	-	1.5	2.9
NO PREVIOUS WORK EXPERIENCE 1/	-	-	12.8	-	21.8	-	-	23.9	-	23.3

1/ NEVER WORKED AT A CIVILIAN JOB LASTING 2 WEEKS OR MORE.

Table P. Reasons unemployed youth were looking for work for persons enrolled in school, high school graduates not in college, and school dropouts, 16 to 21 years old, by sex and race, October 1975

(PERCENT DISTRIBUTION)

ITEM	TOTAL		REASON FOR LOOKING FOR WORK					
	NUMBERS (IN THOUSANDS)	PERCENT	LAYOFF	LOST JOB	QUIT	LEFT SCHOOL	WANTED TEMPORARY JOB	OTHER 1/
ENROLLED IN SCHOOL								
ALL PERSONS	918	100.0	3.8	9.5	7.8	1.0	50.9	27.4
WHITE	781	100.0	4.4	9.5	7.7	1.0	51.6	25.9
BLACK AND OTHER	133	100.0	.8	9.8	6.0	.8	46.6	36.1
MEN	472	100.0	5.9	11.7	7.8	1.1	50.2	23.3
WOMEN	442	100.0	1.6	7.2	7.0	1.1	51.6	31.7
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES								
ALL PERSONS	889	100.0	10.6	30.8	15.5	21.8	4.7	16.6
WHITE	712	100.0	12.2	33.8	16.3	18.5	4.5	14.6
BLACK AND OTHER	177	100.0	4.0	18.6	12.4	34.5	5.6	24.9
MEN	485	100.0	15.1	38.0	13.3	18.0	3.4	12.1
WOMEN	404	100.0	6.1	23.4	17.6	25.7	6.1	21.2
DROPOUTS								
ALL PERSONS	570	100.0	7.2	32.5	14.4	16.1	8.8	21.1
WHITE	413	100.0	7.7	34.1	16.0	14.3	8.2	19.6
BLACK AND OTHER	157	100.0	5.7	28.4	10.2	21.0	9.6	24.8
MEN	330	100.0	11.2	41.5	12.1	18.2	3.6	13.6
WOMEN	240	100.0	2.1	19.8	17.5	13.8	15.8	31.3

1/ INCLUDES FINANCIAL REASONS AND DISCHARGE FROM THE ARMED FORCES.

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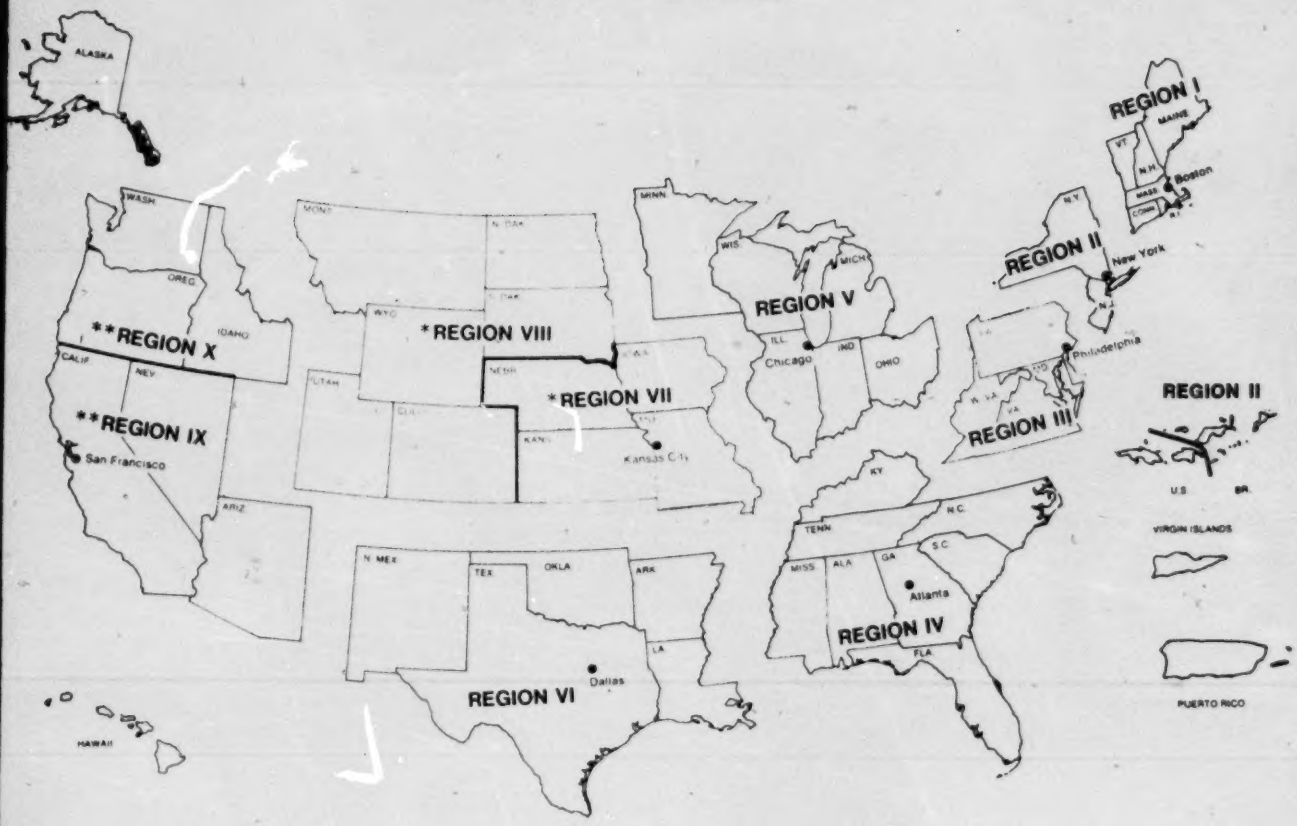

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